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**REPORT OF THE
SOUTH CAROLINA
STATE LAW
ENFORCEMENT
DIVISION

TO THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF

SOUTH CAROLINA

FOR FISCAL YEAR
1985**

J. P. STROM, Chief

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STATE DOCUMENTS

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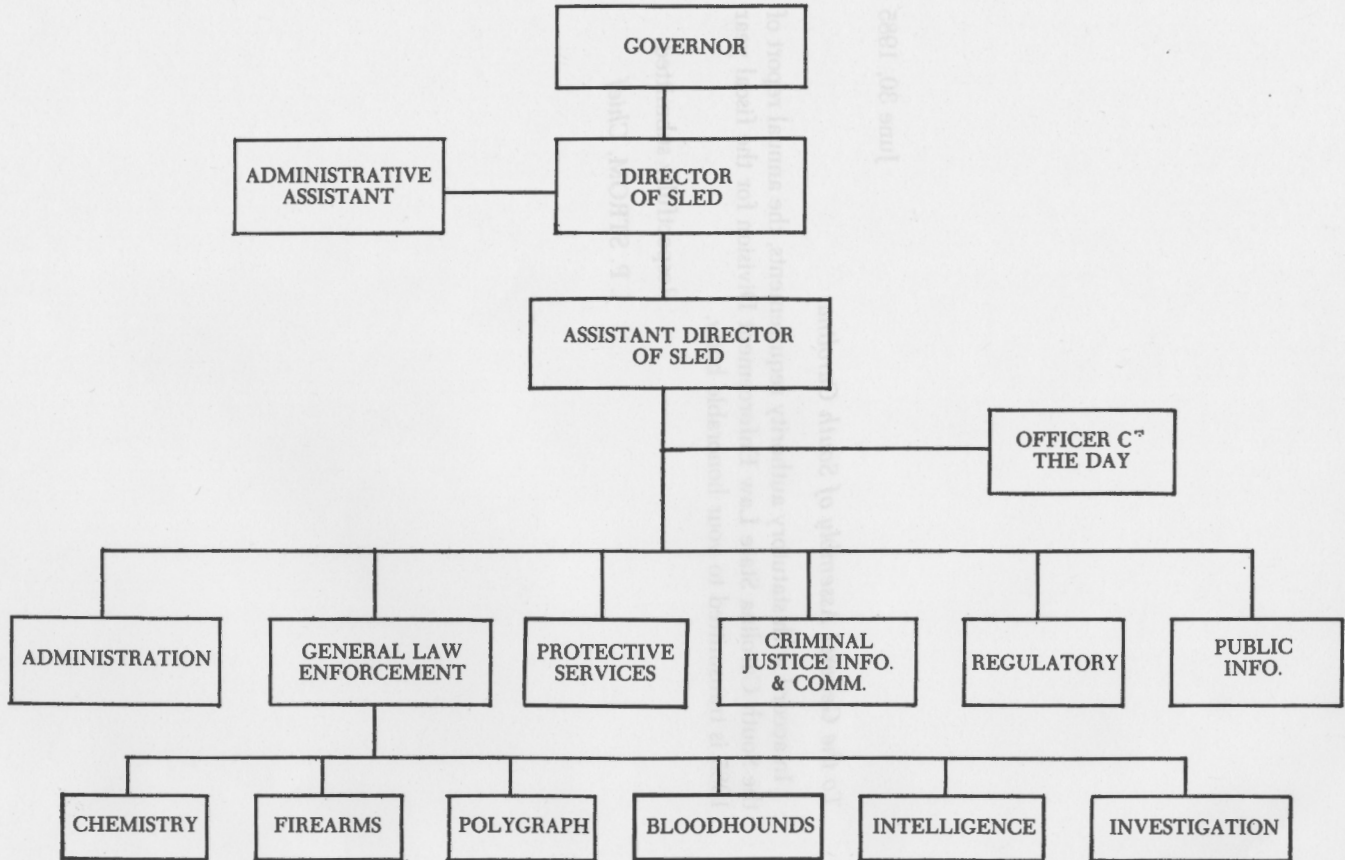
June 30, 1985

To the General Assembly of South Carolina:

In accord with statutory authority requirements, the annual report of the South Carolina State Law Enforcement Division for the fiscal year 1985 is transmitted to your honorable body.

Respectfully submitted,
J. P. STROM, *Chief*

SOUTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT DIVISION



SOUTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT DIVISION FY 84-85 FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Expenditures	Admin.	Gen. Law.	Regulatory	CJICs	Security General	Security Blatt	Super. Health Fitness	Employer Contributions	Cap. Proj.	Imp. Consent	Agents Operations	Supp. Appro.	Operating Revenue
Personal Services	621,104	4,087,757	183,603	1,742,182	528,173	168,637							
Contractual Services	236,916	226,188	65,245	208,948	6,683	796						11,450	30,829
Supplies	79,857	321,353	10,234	64,363	12,046	2,301						1,122	20,781
Fixed Charges	61,077	12,161	2,760	433,755	40								181,097
Travel	7,289	343,349	6,570	14,268	3,056	81							
Equipment	34,495	760,744	2,856	283,234	428							516,484	712,892
Transportation	1,104	374,952											17,352
Utilities	125,520												
Agents Operations											84,000		
Supervised Health Fitness ..							38,444						
Implied Consent										62,716			
Employer Contributions								1,578,727					
Capital Projects									311,191				
.....	1,167,362	6,126,504	271,268	2,746,750	550,426	171,815	38,444	1,578,727	311,191	62,716	84,000	529,057	962,951
Total FY 84-85 Expenses													14,601,211
Source of Funds													
FY 84-85 Appropriations	3,368,506.00												
Revenue Fund FY 83-84	814,068.00												
Lapsed To General Fund	(41,438)												
Revenue Lapsed To Gen. Fund	(424,188)												
FY 84-85 Revenue	1,139,478												
Carry Forward FY 85-86	(648,988)												
Capital Projects Other	393,773												
	14,601,211												

ORIGIN AND PURPOSE

In 1947, a decision was made by means of an executive order to replace the Governor's State Constabulary with a more updated statewide law enforcement agency called the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division. The Executive Order was replaced in 1974 by updating legislation enacted by the General Assembly pertaining to the structure of the State Law Enforcement Division. The new statutes created SLED, provided for the appointment of the agency's chief and placed all state-employed security employees, as outlined by law, under SLED supervision.

The decision to replace the Constabulary, which for many years was the main investigative arm of South Carolina governors, was brought about by a number of factors, including the South Carolina Sheriff's Association and the state's chiefs of police — all expressing a need for better, more advanced investigative manpower and technical assistance. Various political subdivisions around the state, according to law enforcement leaders, were unable to maintain financially the sufficient investigative and technical personnel and scientific equipment necessary for forensic science and police chemistry requirements in solving major crimes.

Combined with these statewide needs by smaller law enforcement agencies and the growing investigative requirements of the Governor's Office and the South Carolina Attorney General's Office, the decision was made to create the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division, more commonly known as SLED.

Since its formation in 1947, SLED has been operated to provide a maximum of law enforcement assistance to various police agencies around the state. The division has four fundamental responsibilities:

1. The provision of investigative, technical and manpower assistance to all sheriffs, chiefs of police, solicitors, grand juries, city and county manager and other offices charged with a criminal justice responsibility.
2. The provision of an enforcement and security arm to the Governor and to conduct investigations for and of state agencies at the direction of the governor.
3. The provision of security for the Capitol Complex, South Carolina Aeronautics Commission and the Governor's Mansion.
4. The maintenance of statewide Criminal Justice Communications and Information System for South Carolina: a system developed to provide a statewide computerized communication network and to provide a criminal history.

The overall purpose of SLED is to apprehend or assist in the apprehension of violators of South Carolina criminal statutes and to bring such perpetrators before the state's courts.

However, SLED does not accept requests for its personnel or facilities from private individuals except under extraordinary circumstances which are determined on an individual basis by the chief of SLED or the Governor.

SLED's responsibilities (as can be seen under Statutory Authority) have grown with the division, running the gamut from investigative responsibilities to security requirements. Further, the division has been given the added responsibility for establishing and operating a narcotics and dangerous drug department; and for establishing, housing, and managing a computerized Criminal Justice Information and Communications System (CJICS) for various criminal justice agencies. The division has also been given the authority to enforce implementation of regulatory statutes pertaining to private detectives and security guards, handguns and other firearms and massage parlors.

The division is continuing to grow as part of the Governor's Office, and an annual report to the South Carolina General Assembly is required under Section 138 of the Appropriations Act. This report is the required documentation for that purpose.

The division's financial report of operating capital is found as Item II of the Governor's annual operating budget.

SLED also has been given statutory authority to investigate all cases brought to the attention of the SLED chief involving arson or the unlawful burning of private property, and the division has been authorized to make arrests in connection with these investigations.

MANAGEMENT STAFF

Chief J. P. Strom *Agency Director*
Captain J. Leon Gasque *Assistant Agency Director*
Lieutenant James K. Wilson *Chief Forensic Chemist*
Lieutenant Earl Wells *Senior Chemist*
Lieutenant Steve Smith *Supervisor — Narcotics Department*
Lieutenant F. Dan DeFreese ... *Chief Examiner — Forensic Science*
Lieutenant Mickey Dawson *Supervisor — Document Lab*
Mr. Harry Hopkins *Data Processing Administrator*
Lieutenant Jerry Hamby ... *Supervisor — Uniform Crime Reporting*
Lieutenant Jerry Luthren *Supervisor — Criminal Records*
Lieutenant Johnny Hartley ... *Supervisor — Polygraph Examinations*
Lieutenant Walter Powell *Supervisor — Criminal Intelligence*
Mrs. Pat Murphy *Supervisor — Regulatory Department*
Agent Rita Shuler *Supervisor — Photography Lab*
Lieutenant Dan F. Beckman *Officer of the Day*
Mr. James V. Martin *Director of Administrative Services
and Data Processing Coordinator*
Mr. Hugh E. Munn *Executive Assistant and
Public Information Officer*
Ms. Anne Mathis *Supervisor — Finance Section*
Mr. Jimmie LaRussa *Director of Purchasing*
Mr. Bill Canaday *Director of Personnel*
Mrs. Marcia Porcel *Administrative Assistant*
Mrs. Carolyn Lyerly *Administrative Assistant*
Mrs. Debbie Hamilton *Administrative Assistant*
Mrs. Betty DeFreese *Administrative Assistant*
Lieutenant Ron Cook *Supervisor — Protective Services*

STATUTORY AUTHORITIES

The State Law Enforcement Division was established by and operated under the appointive authority of the Governor as provided in the South Carolina Code of Laws, 1942, Sec. 3096; 1945, Sec. 337; Sec. 23-160; and 1962, Sec. 23-1-60.

In 1974, updating legislation was enacted by the General Assembly pertaining to the structure and function of SLED, including:

Sec. 23-1-60 relating to the Governor's appointment of special deputies, constables and detectives was amended for their reappointment and discharge under certain conditions.

Sec. 53-4 relating to gubernatorial authority over state constables was repealed.

Sec. 23-3-10 was enacted creating the State Law Enforcement Division, providing appointive authority of its chief by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, and providing for its personnel, their powers and duties.

Sec. 23-3-20 was enacted establishing bonding requirements for the chief and agents and providing reappointment for agents to insure continuation of employment except for discharge with cause.

Sec. 23-3-30 placed all state-employed security employees, except those employed by the South Carolina Department of Corrections, under the direct supervision of the State Law Enforcement Division.

Additionally, legislation was enacted in 1974 providing SLED with the authority to devise and operate a Criminal Information and Communications System to regulate and control licensing of detectives and private security agencies. Enabling legislation in these matters include:

Sec. 23-3-110 establishing a statewide Criminal Justice Information and Communications System as a department within the State Law Enforcement Division.

Sec. 23-3-120 requiring that all law enforcement agencies and court officials shall report criminal data within their respective jurisdictions to the system and authorizes the division to determine the specific information to be supplied under Sec. 23-3-110 and the methods by which it shall be compiled, evaluated and disseminated. The section further authorizes the division to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 23-3-140 qualifying the compliance of disclosure of information compiled by the CJICS System.

Sec. 23-3-150 authorizing the division to accept, grant and appropriate funds on behalf of the state for use in the operation of the CJICS System.

Sec. 23-3-40 directing all sheriffs and police departments to furnish SLED with a record of all fingerprints taken in criminal

investigations resulting in convictions. The section charges SLED with the responsibility for the cost and implementation of this reporting program and for the preparation of the regulations and instructions for its functioning.

Sec. 56-646 (referred to as the South Carolina Private Detective and Private Security Agencies Act) empowering the chief of SLED to determine applicant qualifications for licensing and registration, to investigate alleged violations of the provisions of the act, to promulgate rules and regulations as needed and to establish and to enforce standards governing the safety and conduct of persons licensed and registered. The section also authorizes a fee assessment for license privileges and responsibilities and provides for exemptions under the act and the duties of the division.

Sec. 56-6-2960 (Implied Consent Law) directing SLED to establish blood/alcohol testing standards and to train and certify persons conducting breath tests.

In 1972, Sec. 44-53-480 of the Code was enacted, charging SLED with the responsibility for enforcement of laws pertaining to illicit traffic in controlled and counterfeit substances and requiring the establishment of a Narcotics and Dangerous Drug Department within the division.

Additionally, several statutes enacted prior to the Fiscal Year 1976 period became operational during the 1976 Fiscal Year, including the following:

Sec. 16-23-10, 23-31-110 — as amended requiring the division to investigate each applicant for a license to sell handguns in South Carolina to insure he is qualified as prescribed by law. Furthermore, the division is charged with the responsibility of insuring that the dealers comply with the law with respect to record-keeping and handgun sales.

Sec. 16-22-210, 23-31-310 — (Known as Special Weapons Act) requiring that any person who possesses a sawed-off rifle or shotgun, or any automatic rifle shall register the weapon with SLED, and that the division shall issue a registration permit for this weapon.

Sec. 16-23-10, 23-31-110 — requiring the division to receive a copy of each handgun transaction conducted by licensed handgun dealers of the state. Each of these individual forms is to be processed by SLED to insure that the purchaser has not purchased more than one handgun in a 30-day period and that he has not been convicted of a crime of violence as stated in the act.

Further, this section as revised in June 1975, also stipulates that SLED is to issue gun permits to citizens of South Carolina when it is determined by SLED that, due to business necessities, the citizens' lives are regularly

placed in danger. The Division does a complete background investigation of each applicant to insure the applicant's integrity, need for such a permit, and proficiency in the use of handguns.

Sec. 17-7-80 — requires that all coroners submit to SLED for the performance results of blood, alcohol and drug analysis on body fluids removed from fatalities involving traffic, boating and swimming accidents.

Prior to Fiscal Year 1976 period, another statute was enacted which directly authorized SLED to begin regulation and enforcement proceedings. In June 1975, the legislature enacted a law pertaining to operations of massage parlors around the state, including a requirement that each massage parlor be licensed and the applicant be investigated by SLED. Further, the act stipulates that each employee must be registered with the Division and that the Division is to make routine inspection of the establishment.

Sec. 23-35-170 — requiring the Division to receive a copy of all quarterly reports of such sales of dynamite or powerful explosives from the auditor of each county. Such person selling or keeping for sale the explosives mentioned in this section shall make a quarterly report to the county auditor of each county. The auditor of each county shall forward a copy of all reports to the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division.

PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE

Public Information Office . . . During Fiscal Year 1975, a Public Information Office was added to the general operation at SLED. The office primarily serves as a liaison between the general public, news media and the agency and serves as an educational assistance for the agency by providing informational programs to civic, church and other organizations.

Since its beginning in October 1974, SLED's information officer has logged more than 300,000 miles and has presented numerous educational programs around the state. Activities by the information officer include SLED display units, public addresses, panel discussions participation and public school classroom discussion.

The information officer, who must possess a background in news and public relations, is a graduate of the South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy.

In addition to the educational duties, SLED's public information officer also has logged thousands of miles in appearing at breaking crime scenes to serve as an information-news aid to news reporters and to lessen

the confusion often associated with such incidents. The information officer has appeared at more than 3,000 incidents.

The volume of cases and workload handled by the Public Information Office during the 1984-85 Fiscal Year include: 8,000 telephone inquiries, 1,000 public and personal inquiries, 3,000 personal contact (average number).

BOMB THREAT

Bomb Threat . . . The Division has a bomb investigation squad as a basic part of a statewide program to deal with the bomb threats to our schools, public buildings and industrial complexes.

Personnel in this squad are trained in the expertise of handling explosives and incendiary devices and are equipped with special mobile equipment and tools to assure the division's readiness to meet and deal with any bomb threat situation.

SLED's initial plan also called for an intensive training and educational program for local enforcement, firefighting personnel and responsible public and industrial officials. SLED personnel conducted numerous seminars and training sessions for police agencies and fire departments throughout the state and held planning information seminars with public and business management officials to aid them in developing security plans and training classes of their own. This program has been highly successful and effective in reducing substantially the number of industrial work stoppages which were being experienced by textile and other key industries in the state.

Special on-going plans also were developed for all state buildings as part of a continuing responsibility for the squad as it responds to and investigates bomb threats.

CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE

Criminal Intelligence . . . In order to deal with the increasing number of sophisticated criminal operations, the Division established a Criminal Intelligence Section in 1973, which has the responsibility of interacting and responding to inquiries from other law enforcement agencies in the state and nation concerning the activities of "career criminals," organized crime figures, white collar crimes and traveling criminals.

During Fiscal Year 1984-85, the intelligence team, consisting of one special agent in charge, three special agents, an assistant agent and a staff assistant, handled approximately 1,600 pieces of information in connection with 932 various investigations.

SLED is a charter member of the Regional Organized Crime Information Center which exchanges current information on the activities of approximately 2,600 professional career criminals in the southeastern

part of the United States. It functions as a communications and information center, provides photo and lab and staff analyst services and acts to coordinate interstate surveillance of suspected traveling criminals.

SEX CRIMES INVESTIGATIVE ASSISTANCE

Sex Crimes Investigative Assistance . . . During Fiscal Year 1984-85, SLED has provided education, research and investigative assistance pertaining to sex crimes and sex offenders.

The assisting agents have spoken to numerous groups, including social, fraternal, religious, civic and professional groups and organizations; and have participated on numerous panels, workshops, seminars and training sessions dealing with educating professionals and the public. These agents have also participated in continuing education and in-service and social services personnel. They have served in consultation with victims and their families in conjunction with social workers, ministers and the medical profession, and have developed programs in crime prevention geared to the needs of the general public. They have traveled extensively throughout the state consulting with and assisting local law enforcement agencies with investigations of sex crimes, especially in the area of rape lectures.

BLOODHOUNDS

Bloodhounds . . . SLED maintains a pack of mantrailing bloodhounds. At the present time, there are 12 to 16 bloodhounds. These hounds are used to assist in apprehending escapees and fugitive criminals of all types and for searching for lost persons.

The bloodhounds and their handlers, consisting of three agents and two inmates, are on call 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. During the Fiscal Year 1983-84, they responded to 342 calls resulting in 225 apprehensions. Prompt apprehensions such as those made possible by the bloodhounds serve to prevent further fugitive criminal acts such as robbery, assault, and auto theft. Often, the bloodhounds also find additional evidence on the trails such as weapons and footprints which become essential items in preparation of criminal cases for trial. Agents and dogs traveled more than 30,000 miles during the year and ran more than 516 miles.

PROTECTIVE SERVICES

Protective Services . . . In keeping with modern law enforcement management concepts, the security and executive protection sections were consolidated in December 1980.

This section now consists of one special agent in charge, a sufficient number of special agents as determined by the Governor and Chief of

SLED, one (1) uniformed lieutenant, six (6) uniformed public safety sergeants, thirty-four (34) uniformed public safety officers and one (1) assistant agent.

This section is charged with the overall responsibility for the direct coordination of all state employed security personnel (except those employed by the S. C. Department of Corrections) with security procedures and guidelines established by the Chief of SLED as required by Section 23-3-30. The procedures incorporate an inspection system and regular reports from the chief security officers to the Chief of SLED.

Protection of the State House, Blatt Building, Capitol Complex building and grounds, state parking facilities, Governor's Mansion, Supreme Court, Employment Security Commission, S. C. Aeronautics Commission and other state buildings and facilities in the Metropolitan Columbia area is handled directly by the Capitol Complex Police. These officers are charged with the responsibility of providing 24-hour security, law enforcement services and follow-up investigations.

Personal protection for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, and their families is provided by the special agents and the special agent in charge. This protection also includes internal security for the Governor's, Lieutenant Governor's, and Attorney General's Offices and coordination and liaison with the two legislative sergeants-at-arms.

The Protective Services department additionally is responsible for developing and implementing evacuation procedures with other state agencies for fire and/or natural disasters within the Capitol Complex.

Bomb threat reaction plans and physical security surveys in coordination with General Services are also conducted and include recommendations to state agency directors for improving security in their respective buildings and areas.

SUPPORT SERVICES

Modern police agencies are relying on scientific technology as an integral part of today's crime investigative methods. Such technology has given police many additional scientific tools with which to conduct a more thorough investigative inquiry, and more police agencies around the state and nation have found that often physical evidence and its scientific analysis and interpretation are necessary and essential as methods of proof. Certain laws can be enforced only through findings from scientific analysis and many evidence problems are solvable only by scientific inquiry. Equally important is the fact that evaluation and identification of physical evidence in the early stages of an investigative approach or methods should be used.

This method of scientific police science inquiry often is referred to as criminalistics, and SLED is playing a key role in the use of criminalistics

for local police agencies around the state as the modern method for criminal investigations.

SLED's criminalistics laboratories, located within SLED headquarters in Columbia, are some of the most up-to-date facilities in the entire country. The laboratories are complete, full-service facilities with the capability of performing the entire scope of police scientific inquiry. Operating as the only criminalistics laboratories in the state, SLED makes its facilities available to every enforcement agency in the state.

The SLED criminalistics laboratories are maintained and operated under one main centralized concept in keeping with the basic purpose of the Division: consolidation of resources as the most sensible way of providing facilities involving a significant capital outlay, such as is required for the sophisticated instrumentation and equipment on criminalistics laboratories.

Under the concept devised by SLED for the use of the criminalistics laboratories, the taxpayer in South Carolina is assured of maximum utilization of the equipment in criminalistics work. The concept also has a second appealing quality which SLED views as integral to its development: to allow management to be able to attract and employ the best technical skill for the staffing of the laboratories.

In general categories, the criminalistics laboratories provide user services in the following areas: case strategy consultation; laboratory case-work; expert witness services; field investigations; police personnel training.

Under SLED guidelines, outlined in management practices around the state, general criminalistics practitioners basically are applied research workers possessing a scholarly ability in addition to a practical ability for solving finite problems. It is the policy of SLED, and a necessity of the profession, that laboratory staff members must pursue a career development training program and education program, including job cross-training to assure professional proficiency.

FIREARMS LABORATORY

The Firearms Laboratory provides for nonchemical analysis of physical evidence. These examinations are conducted both grossly, photographically and microscopically. Generally speaking, evidence submitted to the Firearms Laboratory is examined for unique striations, impressions and fractures from which a positive conclusion can be reached.

The Firearms Laboratory furnished highly-trained technical personnel for the following purposes:

- A. In the Laboratory — to process, develop, examine, compare and photograph all items of evidence submitted.

B. In the Field — to process completely any major crime scene. This includes the photography, search, collection, preservation and examination of all objects of evidential value.

C. In the Courts — to appear as expert witnesses for the prosecution or defense during criminal proceedings in local, state or federal court.

In the laboratory, the following kinds of examinations are conducted:

A. Firearms Identification — The laboratory uses both optical comparison microscopes to make comparisons of evidence bullets, cartridge cases, shotshells, unfired ammunition and components.

1. Bullets: Microscopic comparisons of the marks on bullets produced by the rifling on the barrel of a weapon.

a. Recovered evidence bullet (NO GUN): determine the manufacturer, caliber, type and make of weapon from which a bullet was fired.

b. Bullet versus Weapon: determine whether the bullet was fired by a particular suspect weapon.

c. Shot pellets, buckshots, slugs and wadding: The size of shot and gauge of slug and wadding can be determined.

2. Fired Cartridge Case: Markings present on fired metallic and shotshell cases can be microscopically compared and examined.

a. Fired cartridge cases found at crime scene (NO GUN): determine the specific manufacturer, caliber, or gauge, type and mark of weapon in which the cartridge was fired.

b. Fired Cartridge Case versus Weapon: determine whether a cartridge case was loaded into and/or fired in a particular suspect weapon.

3. Unfired Ammunition: The specific caliber or gauge, manufacturer and type of weapon can be determined. It is also possible to determine that unfired ammunition was loaded into a particular weapon in some cases.

4. Other Firearm examinations include:

a. Gunshot residue comparison (muzzle to garment/skin distance).

NOTE: These examinations are conducted jointly with the Chemistry Laboratory.

b. Shot pattern determination.

c. Weapon safety and function testing.

d. Trigger pull testing.

e. Identification of gun parts.

f. Projectile trajectory determinations.

g. Melting point determination.

NOTE: The SLED weapons library now includes more than 400 pieces. Known specimen bullet and cartridges, kept for

reference, number in the thousands. When all known specimens are properly measured and indexed, SLED will have one of the best standard reference files of this type in the nation.

- B. **Fingerprint Identification** — Both in the laboratory and on the field assignment, Firearms Laboratory personnel are able to process all suitable items of evidence for latent fingerprint, palmprint and footprint evidence. The latest equipment and techniques for latent print detection and preservation are used by the lab personnel.

It should be pointed out that all Firearms Lab examiners are individually assigned state-owned vehicles. In these vehicles are kept all the equipment necessary for processing any major crime scene. By so doing, any or all of SLED's Firearms Lab personnel are available for instant response to a serious crime scene at any hour of any day or night.

- C. **Tool Mark Identification** — Tool mark identification is a microscopic study of the consistency and uniqueness of marks left by most impact, prying, scraping, gripping, pinching or shearing tools. Because of high frequency of forceable entry crimes, tool mark identification is an extremely important aid in the prosecution of criminal cases in which burglary tools are recovered. Examination of tool marks can determine:

1. The type of tool used.
2. The size of tool used.
3. The action employed by the tool when used.
4. The individual identifying characteristics of a particular tool.

- D. **Questioned Document Section** — This section is responsible for the examination and identification of evidence in several areas including handwriting, typewriting, printing, rubber stamps and other mechanical impressions, as well as the examination of papers and inks.

The document examiner has, for the past year, lectured numerous times at the Criminal Justice Academy and to law enforcement officers throughout the state. These lectures introduced officers throughout the state to the techniques used in document identification as well as the proper methods for collecting samples and evidence.

- E. **Photography Laboratory** — Because of the heavy emphasis placed on photographic documentation in all phases of physical evidence identification, SLED's Photography Laboratory is organized under and controlled by the Firearms Laboratory.

The Photography Laboratory operates monochrome processing and printing facilities and is able to offer complete photographic documenta-

tion. This laboratory is responsible for evaluating, budgeting and requesting equipment and supplies pertaining to the operation of the laboratory as well as procuring, operating and supplying 74 field photographic units issued to agents throughout the state.

The Photography Lab also provides allied photographic services throughout the state to political subdivisions in the form of suggested planning, equipping and training of personnel in the area of photographic services on the local level. Other support functions are the furnishing of laboratory personnel and equipment for night device operations and photographic documentations.

The photographic capabilities of the laboratory, as well as allied services, are available to meet statewide needs 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Many times the Photography Lab is called upon to augment fast-breaking investigations on an around-the-clock basis.

The increased demand for photographic services can be attributed greatly to training of many officers in all areas of the state in the skills of photography. It should also be noted that the judicial system's active interest in pictorial presentations of evidence and events has presented a greater demand on photographic capabilities.

F. Other Identifications, Examinations and Comparisons — While the major case work handled by the Firearms Laboratory has been set forth, the laboratory's work is not limited to those areas alone. Following are other types of examinations performed by the Firearms Laboratory:

1. Identification and comparison of plaster and rubber moulages of footwear or tire impressions.
2. Fracture identification — particularly in the case of broken glass or broken tools.
3. Restoration of altered or obliterated serial numbers on firearms, automotive parts and other items of evidence.
4. Examination of torn or damaged material such as tape, fabric, cordage, wood and building materials.
5. Record fingerprinting in major cases. Record fingerprinting of deceased persons.
6. Proper use of stain, dye and fluorescent thief detection powder especially in fraud and pilferage cases.
7. Explosive Ordnance reconnaissance, removal and post-explosion investigation.

G. Other Duties — Because of the Firearms Laboratory's extensive background in firearms, tools, microscopy and photography, the laboratory is engaged in a number of other allied activities. Following are some examples:

1. Testing of new products offered for sale to law enforcement agencies.
2. Conducting schools and in-service training in the criminalistic field for all new enforcement officers.
3. Loading and reloading of test and specialized ammunition.
4. Supervision and maintenance of SLED's armory. This includes selection of equipment and maintenance of acceptable stock levels.
5. Expansion and maintenance of Firearms Library artifacts and publications.
6. Inspection, repair and alteration of service weapons used by SLED agents.
7. Construction of exhibits, displays, specialized devices and equipment used both in the Firearms Laboratory and the Division.
8. Attend schools, conferences and seminars in all fields of forensic science.
9. Conduct research in any area within the purview of the laboratory.

CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT

This Department is supervised by a chief chemist who is responsible for the administration and management of the Chemistry Laboratory, the statewide Implied Consent Program and the Narcotics and Dangerous Drug Section.

Chemistry Laboratory . . . Supervised by the assistant chief chemist and staffed by 17 graduate chemists, each of whom is responsible for the case work received from a pre-assigned judicial circuit; three secretaries and one administrative assistant.

The laboratory has at its disposal the latest analytical instruments, such as gas chromatograph, mass and nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometers, ultraviolet, infrared, atomic absorption and fluorescence spectrophotometers, thermal analysis emission spectrograph, X-ray fluorescence, CO-Oximeter and scanning electron microscope.

Some of the methods and procedures used for physical and chemical analysis in the examination of evidence by the laboratory area.

1. Examination and identification of fabric and/or fibers using thermal analysis, infrared and ultraviolet spectrophotometry, gas chromatography, microscopy and X-ray defraction.
2. Examination and identification of soil, metals and insulating materials from safes using atomic absorption, infrared spectrophotometry, emission spectrographic analysis, density gradient analysis and X-ray defraction.

3. Examination and identification of paints to determine source and type using Frustrated Multiple Internal Reflectance Infrared Spectrophotometry, Gas Chromatography, Emission spectrographic Analysis, Thermal Analysis and X-ray defraction.
4. Comparison and identification of hairs, human or animal, using optical microscopy.
5. Analysis and identification of flammable substances, using gas chromatography and infrared spectrophotometry.
6. Analysis and identification of explosive substances and explosive residues using thermal and chemical analysis.
7. Test of powder burns and residues using diphenylimine (paraffin) tests on persons suspected of firing a gun and using Walker tests and atomic absorption spectrophotometry to identify powder burns and determine distance of gun from victim.
8. Test and analyze alcoholic liquids to determine alcohol percentage, fuel oils, lead aldehydes and other poisons and presence of yeast cells in beer using a chromatography, atomic absorption and chemical testing.
9. Examination and identification of seminal fluids in rape cases using microscopic and chemical analysis.
10. Analysis and identification of blood and other body fluids by chemical methods including benzidine, hemin crystal, precipitin tests and electrophoresis.
11. Detection and carbon monoxide in blood of arson and suicide victims using a CO-Oximeter.
12. Analysis and identification of poison or drugs in solid dosage form and from body fluids and tissues using infrared, ultraviolet and fluorescent spectrophotometry, gas chromatography, mass spectrometry and chemical analysis.
13. Test and identify presence of alcohol in persons through blood, urine and breath-testing methods.

The Chemistry Laboratory received 7,099 cases during Fiscal Year 1984-85 and performed 31,945 analyses during this period.

Implied Consent Program — Under the Implied Consent Law, Section 56-5-2950, South Carolina Code of Laws, SLED is charged with the administrative responsibility for the training and certifying and recertifying of anyone who is to perform tests to determine the alcohol content in the blood of persons arrested for motor vehicle violations alleged to have been committed under the influence of alcohol.

The Chemistry Department employs staff technicians to provide for, supply and support on an around-the-clock basis the 160 breath testing instruments located throughout the state.

A total of 416 breath-testing operators were certified and 817 were

recertified by the staff during the period bringing the total number of operators to 2,316.

The effectiveness of the program can be seen in the statistical comparisons of approximately 22,805 tests administered (of these 12,106 or over one-half of the persons tested have a blood alcohol level between 15% and 24%), and 3,166 refusals.

NARCOTICS SECTION

The Narcotics Section was formed in 1971 with the advent of legislation charging SLED with enforcement of laws pertaining to the illicit traffic in narcotics and dangerous drugs (Section 44-53-480, South Carolina Code of Laws). The section is given the responsibility for providing investigative assistance to local enforcement agencies and for initiating overt and covert investigations into major narcotics and dangerous drug traffickers operating interstate and intrastate.

The Narcotics Section maintains a close liaison with other state and federal agencies in coordinating investigations against illicit drug traffic and provides intelligence information to these agencies regarding such traffic activity.

There are 27 agents and a supervisor assigned to the section — all working under the direction of the Chemistry Department.

During the Fiscal Year 1984-85, the Narcotics Section received and processed 275 requests for investigations from federal, state and local agencies. These requests for investigations generated 464 investigations by the section.

Total Value of Drugs Purchased or Seized (Estimate)	\$13,148,311.50
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STATE TOTALS

<i>Sale/Manufacturing</i>	<i>July-December 1984</i>	<i>January-June 1985</i>
Opium	419	457
Marijuana	941	893
Synthetic Narcotics .	4	8
Other Drugs	66	80
<i>Possession</i>		
Opium	189	227
Marijuana	3,199	3,338
Synthetic Narcotics .	1	2
Other Drugs	204	175

POLYGRAPH DIVISION

The polygraph services of SLED are used in every type of law enforcement investigation throughout the state. Many investigations are cleared each week as a result of these polygraph examinations, and it should be noted that the polygraph is used not only to determine if an individual is lying, but also to establish if he is being truthful.

The Polygraph Division has saved thousands of dollars in investigative manhours each year as a result of being able to clear many investigations promptly by polygraph examinations.

FOR FISCAL YEAR 1984-85 THIS DEPARTMENT ADMINISTERED

Number of Examination	1,418
Number With No Deception Indicated	711
Number With Deception Indicated	340
Number of Confessions Obtained	184
Number of Indefinites	109
Number of Cases Refused	6

THE CASES EXAMINED INCLUDE

Abortion	0
Administrative	7
Arson	82
Assault & Battery	50
Bribery	2
Burglary	8
Conspiracy	2
Death Investigation	60
Destruction of Property	17
Drug Violation	17
Escapee	5
Forgery	9
Fraud	8
Housebreaking	98
Kidnapping	2
Larceny	271
Official Misconduct	1
Robbery	45
Receiving Stolen Goods	4
Safecracking	7
Sex Crimes	145
Traffic	1
Weapon	7
Other	140
Refused	6

REGULATORY SERVICES

The Regulatory Services Section of the State Law Enforcement Division was created in December of 1972 due to legislation of the General Assembly dealing with detective and security companies in the State of South Carolina.

At the time this section was established, it was composed of one Supervisor and one secretary. Over the past ten years, the staff has increased to one department head, two full time investigators, one administrative assistant and four clerks.

As it is clear that the staff has grown, so have the statutory responsibilities granted to this Division and assigned to this section. It is hoped that the following verbal and graphic explanations will provide you with some insight into the function and growth of this section.

<i>Company Licenses Issued</i>	<i>New</i>	<i>Renewal</i>
Combination Private Detective/Security Company	5	39
Private Security Company	13	38
Private Detective Company	19	69
Premise Security Company	15	142
Licenses Denied	5	

Detective and Security Company

Employee Registration

Security Guard Registrations	4,480	4,632
Private Detective Registrations	142	173
Security Guard Concealed Weapon Permits ..	6	61
Security Guard/Private Detective Transfers ..	265	
Security Guard Upgrade/Armed	329	
Company Training Officers Certified during FY 84-85	87	
Security Guard Terminations	1,923	
Security Guard Revocations	31	

Retail Pistol Dealers

	<i>New</i>	<i>Renewal</i>
Licenses Issued	74	114
Licenses Pending	11	9
Licenses Denied	1	0
Total Licensed Dealers	605	

Concealed Weapon Permits

	<i>New</i>	<i>Renewal</i>
Permits Issued	304	466
Applications Pending	62	28
Applications Denied	32	3

Handgun Purchases

Applications Processed During FY 84-85 40,720

Communications and Data Processing Department . . . The computer and communications network involves three computers located at SLED Headquarters and an electronic interface to the computers located at the South Carolina Highway Department in Columbia, South Carolina, the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) in Washington, D. C., the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications Systems, Inc., Phoenix, Arizona, the Richland County Sheriff's Office, Columbia, South Carolina and the Police Service Bureau, Greenville, South Carolina. The system monitors and maintains in excess of 251 terminals located in local and state criminal justice offices throughout the state. There is at least one terminal in every county.

Under the CJICS system at SLED Headquarters, the Data Processing and Communications Section had the following programs and files in operation or were being developed or implemented during the fiscal year:

Comprehensive Criminal Justice Information System

- Vehicle Registrations
- Computerized Criminal Histories
- Driver's License Files
- Warrant Tracking
- Stolen Articles
- Missing Persons
- Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR)
- Stolen Boats
- Stolen Securities

Comprehensive Communications Capabilities

- State Stolen Files
- NCIC (FBI Department of Justice)
- NLETS (Interstate Law Enforcement Communications)
- Message Switching (between law enforcement agencies)
- Richland County Sheriff's Office
- Police Service Bureau

Financial Applications (SLED only)

- Accounts Payable
- Accounts Receivable
- General Ledger
- Vehicle Accounting
- Inventory Control

Management Applications

- Case Files

- Evidence Analysis Tracking

- Gun Registration Management

- Security Officer Management

- Investigative Case Tracking

Provides Data Processing Services

- Department of Parole and Community Corrections

- Department of Youth Services

- South Carolina Court Administration

- Insurance Reserve Fund

The South Carolina Office of Court Administration continues its development and refinement of their court scheduling and monitoring applications during the fiscal year. The Department of Parole and Community Corrections continued its refinement of its system to facilitate the availability of timely and accurate parole information.

Fiscal Year 1985-86 will be another year of continued growth and expansion of internal and external systems and users. Plans for the year include the continued development of standards, operating procedures, and significant upgrade in computer hardware and software, a preliminary study of methods to refine and upgrade our data communications network and intensive field training and quality control efforts to enhance the value and utilization of the network and various files.

Criminal Records Department . . . This Department has the responsibility for maintaining the criminal history records and fingerprint card files on all criminals known to have participated in crimes in the state.

At the present time, there are twenty-eight (28) employees assigned to the Criminal Records Department; one (1) criminal records supervisor and twenty-seven (27) fingerprint examiners and technicians.

Annual activity volume for the Criminal Records Department includes receipt of 125,548 fingerprint cards, receipt of 21,961 correspondence items, 17,164 telephone requests, handled and processed 289,483 name searches and processed and posted 66,984 dispositions. The Department identified 65% of the total of all fingerprint cards received from various agencies; 44,552 criminal fingerprint cards were received and coded on individuals who had no prior arrest record in the criminal files of the Criminal Records Department during this period.

All criminal justice agencies in the state are submitting fingerprint cards to the Criminal Records Department. The agencies have been instructed to submit two fingerprint cards to the department on all misdemeanors and felony arrests with the exception of traffic arrests, in order for the Department to build and maintain an updated centralized

criminal history record information file. It has also been requested that all agencies submit final disposition reports in order that all dispositions are current and dissemination procedures can be handled properly.

The Department processes all criminal fingerprint cards using the Henry Classification System and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) classification. The current incoming fingerprint cards are searched through the computerized name files. In the event of "hits" or "matches", the incoming fingerprint cards are checked against fingerprint cards in the master fingerprint card file. The master fingerprint card file is a manual file in which manual characteristic comparisons and searches can be made.

When identifications are made, the South Carolina Computerized Criminal History Files are updated and copies are sent to the FBI Identification Division and also the NCIC III Files are updated daily. Under the two-fingerprint card submission concept, one remains in the Criminal Records Department at SLED and the other copy is sent to the FBI Identification Division for processing. A rap sheet is produced by the FBI and sent to the submitting criminal justice agency.

The Department also is responsible for the dissemination of all criminal history record information and the handling of all dismissals and expungements.

Computerized Criminal History Unit . . . This Unit has the responsibility of serving the law enforcement agencies, courts, and the public throughout the State of South Carolina with up to date criminal history record information.

At the present time, the Unit is under the supervision of the Criminal Records Supervisor. There are twenty-six (26) employees assigned to the CCH Unit; one (1) Fingerprint Examiner II, one (1) Administrative Assistant I, one (1) Administrative Support Specialist C, three (3) Administrative Support Specialist B's, four (4) Administrative Support Specialist A's, eight (8) Clerical Support Specialist B's and eight (8) Data Control Clerks. The Fingerprint Examiner II serves as the liaison between the Criminal Records Department and the CCH Unit.

There are presently 410,275 records on the identification segment of the Computerized Criminal History File. Of this figure, 314,483 records are completely automated and 95,792 are non-automated and have to be fully automated. The CCH Unit has been in operation eight years and has done a vast amount of work in this period. During this fiscal year, additional terminals have been added to the Unit in an effort to decrease the time it takes to enter the data.

All law enforcement agencies in the state have the capability of requesting a criminal record check over a terminal out in the field and receiving an automated criminal history record check back immediately

on their terminal. The CCH Unit has created a fully operational state computerized criminal history file as well as entering and updating the national index on the Interstate Identification Index (III).

CCH INFORMATION AT THE PRESENT TIME

Idents on File	410,275
Ident Add-Ons	282,102
Total Arrest Counts	864,436
Judicial Counts	618,160
Supplemental Counts	73
Custody-Status	<u>161,166</u>
Total Records on CCH File	2,336,212

Uniform Crime Reports Department ... The third unit within the CJICS program is the statewide Uniform Crime Reports Department (UCR). This Department is responsible for the statewide Uniform Crime Data Reporting System and for publishing annual reports concerning crime and statistics in South Carolina. The information collected is classified according to the guidelines of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) and the National Sheriff's Association.

South Carolina was one of the first states to implement a statewide UCR program. The program was initiated in July 1973. The fundamental objectives of the South Carolina UCR program are:

1. Inform the Governor, legislature, other governmental officials and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in the state, its magnitude and trends.
2. Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal data for administrative and operational use.
3. Determine who commits crimes by age, sex and race in order to assist in finding the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
4. Provide base data to measure the work load and effectiveness of South Carolina's criminal justice system.
5. Provide base data to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.

The extent to which local law enforcement offices throughout the state participate in reporting is the key to the success of the UCR program. As a first step in this direction, SLED, in conjunction with the FBI, held workshops with the local law enforcement offices throughout the state on the program objectives and the reporting procedures. After July 1973, SLED took over the responsibility for training and coordinating all facets of the State UCR program. The success of the program is reflected in the

fact that there was near 100 percent population coverage as of the end of Fiscal Year 1976-77.

There are 300 local law enforcement agencies covered by the reporting program, including data reported by the 46 Highway Patrol County offices in the state.

The report contains statistical data on seven major crime categories, known as PART 1 crimes (murder, rape, robbery, assault, breaking and entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft). Statistics in the annual report are tabulated by counties, metropolitan areas and statewide and include crime rates per 10,000 population, total crimes committed by type, such as murder, rape, robbery, etc., and other significant crime and law enforcement activity factors which can provide sheriffs, police chiefs and other responsible officials with valuable management and planning tools. This information is made available on request to all participating agencies in the form of monthly reports covering their areas of jurisdiction. The formal report prepared by the UCR Section and titled "Crime in South Carolina" is published annually by SLED and is available to any citizen or organization. Excerpts from the 1984 report are presented at the conclusion of this publication to provide an example of the type of information furnished.

SLED, in 1977, implemented a revolutionary incident-based collection system for UCR data that has been attempted in only a handful of states. The new system involves collecting crime information directly from standard incident and arrest reports as they are prepared by the local law enforcement agencies. The new procedure relieves local agencies of the burden of preparing the monthly UCR tallies, while providing detailed information never before available under the old system, such as victim/offender information, premise types, time of day and location of crimes in specific areas within a given jurisdiction. The incident reporting system also provides more report uniformity since all crimes are classified at SLED. The SLED UCR Section under the incident-based system, now processes approximately 50,000 transactions each month. This new program is recognized as one of the best systems in the United States.

1984 COUNTY CRIME RATES PER 10,000 POPULATION

	Population	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Abbeville	22,900	.4	2.6	1.7	32.8	64.6	82.5	9.2	1.3
Aiken	111,900	.8	4.8	7.9	64.6	133.5	181.1	21.7	6.0
Allendale	10,900	1.8	2.8	2.8	64.2	67.9	81.7	1.8	1.8
Anderson	138,500	.9	3.3	5.1	40.6	144.7	274.7	24.2	7.2
Bamberg	18,100	1.1	1.1	2.2	24.3	39.8	53.6	6.6	1.1
Barnwell	20,200	1.0	1.0	3.0	24.3	43.1	68.8	5.4	2.0
Beaufort	78,600	.5	4.8	8.5	77.0	170.4	346.4	27.2	2.9
Berkeley	112,800	.9	4.2	4.5	33.6	99.3	169.2	17.9	2.3
Calhoun	11,600	3.4	1.7	1.7	12.9	70.7	93.1	9.5	.9
Charleston	288,800	1.0	7.5	27.4	62.7	153.2	375.8	38.8	4.9
Cherokee	41,200	.5	3.6	6.1	39.1	95.1	183.5	22.8	4.6
Chester	30,800	1.0	2.9	4.9	32.8	104.9	140.6	8.8	1.9
Chesterfield	38,400	.8	3.1	3.4	33.6	78.6	101.3	14.1	5.2
Clarendon	28,000	1.1	1.8	4.3	27.5	82.5	115.4	8.9	1.8
Colleton	33,500	1.2	.3	7.8	35.2	108.1	165.4	14.3	3.0
Darlington	64,500	1.1	6.5	13.3	55.8	143.3	226.7	26.2	6.0
Dillon	32,100	.3	.9	3.7	30.5	75.7	112.5	19.0	5.0
Dorchester	70,900	1.1	2.0	5.1	17.2	89.8	151.1	16.8	1.1
Edgefield	17,800	1.7	3.9	5.6	61.8	90.4	91.0	9.0	1.1
Fairfield	20,800	1.0	2.4	1.0	68.3	72.1	147.1	9.6	1.9
Florence	114,000	.7	4.3	13.9	55.3	123.1	290.2	25.4	3.2
Georgetown	46,500	1.5	5.4	6.0	35.9	131.8	248.0	16.8	2.6
Greenville	300,700	1.0	4.3	11.7	51.9	156.9	318.5	29.2	5.8
Greenwood	59,900	.7	3.8	10.0	71.1	89.1	226.4	13.7	3.2
Hampton	18,800	.0	1.1	.5	12.8	33.5	41.0	2.1	.5
Horry	121,400	1.1	3.7	11.6	46.0	204.4	460.3	47.4	3.0
Jasper	14,400	4.9	2.1	11.8	35.4	141.0	194.4	22.9	8.3
Kershaw	41,500	.5	1.9	2.9	26.5	74.7	155.7	12.8	2.4
Lancaster	55,400	.9	5.1	7.4	58.8	129.8	258.8	16.4	2.5
Laurens	53,300	.9	1.5	1.5	6.8	68.9	97.4	4.1	.4
Lee	18,600	.0	.0	1.6	14.5	51.1	57.5	4.8	.5
Lexington	153,700	.5	2.8	6.0	32.7	91.3	209.6	18.8	1.9
McCormick	7,300	1.4	2.7	1.4	39.7	52.1	64.4	12.3	2.7
Marion	34,800	1.1	2.9	3.4	31.0	105.5	185.9	17.0	1.7
Marlboro	32,300	1.2	5.9	9.3	60.7	95.0	148.6	10.2	8.0
Newberry	31,900	1.3	3.4	4.1	53.3	57.1	163.9	5.6	.3
Oconee	51,200	1.0	.6	1.6	19.7	59.6	113.3	8.0	1.8
Orangeburg	85,900	.8	4.8	7.5	58.2	120.0	226.9	17.1	3.6
Pickens	84,200	.0	.7	3.0	24.9	76.0	208.3	13.8	1.3
Richland	279,600	1.1	6.4	23.9	71.2	154.4	396.5	44.1	3.5
Saluda	16,900	2.4	1.2	4.1	24.9	45.6	52.7	5.3	2.4
Spartanburg	208,000	.8	3.2	7.7	37.3	118.3	277.0	22.6	4.5
Sumter	93,500	1.1	2.9	6.7	45.7	104.3	200.4	17.2	2.4
Union	30,800	.3	.3	1.9	26.3	81.2	142.5	8.8	3.9
Williamsburg ...	39,100	2.3	2.8	3.8	20.2	71.6	65.7	6.1	.8
York	114,500	1.0	4.9	7.9	57.6	159.0	340.7	26.0	3.1
State	3,300,500	.9	4.0	10.3	47.1	122.8	255.8	23.8	3.6

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Abbeville County	1984		1	6	4	75	148	189	21	3
	1983		3	4	3	95	179	284	14	8
Abbeville SO	1984	12	1	2	1	33	105	102	12	0
	1983	12	1	2	2	38	104	121	8	5
Abbeville PD	1984	12	0	4	1	21	30	64	6	3
	1983	12	2	2	1	31	42	122	4	3
Calhoun Falls PD	1984	12	0	0	2	21	12	23	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	24	28	34	1	0
Due West PD	1984	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
	1983	6	0	0	0	2	5	7	1	0
Aiken County	1984		9	54	88	723	1,494	2,027	243	67
	1983		16	34	77	653	1,750	2,183	227	64
Aiken SO	1984	12	8	39	41	556	880	1,059	171	54
	1983	12	12	30	42	486	1,143	1,146	166	45
Aiken PD	1984	12	1	11	36	86	370	636	46	5
	1983	12	2	1	16	90	385	632	42	14
North Augusta PD ...	1984	12	0	2	10	59	188	243	16	4
	1983	12	2	2	16	60	183	363	14	4
Jackson PD	1984	12	0	0	0	4	20	57	7	2
	1983	6	0	0	1	2	10	10	3	1
New Ellenton PD	1984	12	0	2	1	18	30	30	3	1
	1983	12	0	1	0	12	24	28	2	0
Wagener PD	1984	5	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	1
	1983	9	0	0	2	3	5	4	0	0
Allendale County	1984		2	3	7	70	74	89	2	2
	1983		1	8	4	78	113	120	13	4
Allendale SO	1984	12	0	1	1	8	17	18	0	1
	1983	12	0	3	3	6	30	21	3	3
Allendale PD	1984	12	2	2	2	48	45	52	2	1
	1983	12	0	5	1	64	64	72	7	1
Fairfax PD	1984	12	0	0	0	14	12	19	0	0
	1983	12	1	0	0	8	19	27	3	0
Anderson County	1984		12	46	70	562	2,004	3,804	335	100
	1983		23	33	85	538	1,785	3,793	327	106
Anderson SO	1984	12	10	27	46	274	1,358	2,168	211	93
	1983	12	15	21	36	261	1,061	2,034	197	76
Anderson PD	1984	12	1	15	21	218	501	1,366	106	5
	1983	12	8	12	44	214	542	1,486	115	21
Belton PD	1984	12	0	0	1	41	63	62	5	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	45	80	97	7	8
Honea Path PD	1984	12	0	2	2	14	25	70	6	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	6	26	72	4	1
Pendleton PD	1984	12	1	1	0	8	19	34	4	0
	1983	12	0	0	2	6	26	31	2	0
Williamston PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	26	50	3	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	3	36	41	2	0

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Iva PD	1984	12	0	1	0	5	10	40	0	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	2	9	30	0	0
West Pelzer PD	1984	6	0	0	0	0	2	14	0	0
	1983	6	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0
Bamberg County	1984		2	2	4	44	72	97	12	2
	1983		1	1	3	25	106	112	20	2
Bamberg SO	1984	12	1	0	3	5	27	21	6	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	3	20	27	4	0
Bamberg PD	1984	12	0	0	0	36	18	62	4	0
	1983	12	1	1	1	20	47	64	10	0
Denmark PD	1984	12	1	2	1	3	27	14	2	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	2	39	21	6	2
Barnwell County	1984		2	2	6	49	87	139	11	4
	1983		3	4	4	50	101	152	19	4
Barnwell SO	1984	12	1	1	0	9	16	22	2	1
	1983	12	2	1	1	6	37	37	7	2
Barnwell PD	1984	12	0	0	2	12	29	45	4	0
	1983	12	1	1	2	25	19	44	4	0
Williston PD	1984	12	0	1	0	9	25	32	1	0
	1983	12	0	1	1	8	19	21	3	0
Blackville PD	1984	12	1	0	4	19	17	40	4	3
	1983	12	0	1	0	11	26	50	5	2
Beaufort County	1984		4	38	67	605	1,339	2,723	214	23
	1983		3	39	51	530	1,286	2,479	176	35
Beaufort SO	1984	12	1	28	45	414	1,030	2,107	183	14
	1983	12	3	37	38	375	955	1,733	136	24
Beaufort PD	1984	12	2	7	17	159	229	510	22	8
	1983	12	0	1	9	122	261	582	31	11
Bluffton PD	1984	12	0	0	1	5	1	9	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	1	4	5	0	0
Port Royal PD	1984	12	1	3	4	27	79	97	8	1
	1983	12	0	1	4	32	66	159	9	0
Berkeley County	1984		10	47	51	379	1,120	1,909	202	26
	1983		7	24	67	322	1,084	1,917	196	65
Berkeley SO	1984	12	7	29	27	246	698	983	138	18
	1983	12	6	15	32	203	670	952	124	55
Moncks Corner PD ...	1984	12	0	0	6	28	87	253	17	0
	1983	12	1	1	4	20	70	230	12	1
Goose Creek PD	1984	12	0	9	5	49	100	367	16	3
	1983	12	0	1	10	43	93	353	15	5
St. Stephen PD	1984	12	1	2	1	25	74	70	3	0
	1983	12	0	2	6	20	42	41	4	0
Hanahan PD	1984	12	2	7	12	31	161	236	28	5
	1983	12	0	5	15	36	209	341	41	4

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Calhoun County	1984		4	2	2	15	82	108	11	1
	1983		1	0	1	18	103	105	6	2
Calhoun SO	1984	12	3	1	2	14	58	69	9	1
	1983	12	1	0	1	13	85	84	4	2
St. Matthews PD	1984	12	1	1	0	1	24	39	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	5	18	21	2	0
Charleston County ...	1984		28	217	790	1,810	4,424	10,853	1,121	141
	1983		29	182	836	1,736	5,173	11,268	1,241	144
Charleston Co. PD ...	1984	12	8	97	171	781	1,482	3,129	409	61
	1983	12	14	89	225	796	1,941	3,584	442	78
Charleston City PD ..	1984	12	6	58	320	462	1,130	3,972	294	23
	1983	12	10	43	322	538	1,371	4,215	325	33
Mt. Pleasant PD	1984	12	0	6	23	74	351	718	51	6
	1983	12	0	5	14	28	310	575	58	5
Folly Beach PD	1984	12	0	1	2	11	65	133	9	0
	1983	12	0	1	0	12	53	139	8	6
Isle of Palms PD	1984	12	0	0	0	3	10	57	7	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	2	25	57	7	1
Sullivans Island PD ..	1984	12	0	1	0	3	11	55	1	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	1	33	76	5	0
N. Charleston PD	1984	12	14	54	273	476	1,364	2,592	350	49
	1983	12	5	44	274	359	1,440	2,622	396	21
Med. Univ. of S.C. ...	1984	12	0	0	1	0	11	197	0	0
	1983									
Cherokee County	1984		2	15	25	161	392	756	94	19
	1983		5	9	17	140	521	714	96	23
Cherokee SO	1984	12	1	8	10	88	215	284	48	9
	1983	12	1	4	9	65	295	269	54	16
Blacksburg PD	1984	12	0	1	0	4	13	28	5	2
	1983	12	1	0	1	5	34	23	4	0
Gaffney PD	1984	12	1	6	15	69	164	444	41	8
	1983	12	3	5	7	70	192	422	38	7
Chester County	1984		3	9	15	101	323	433	27	6
	1983		3	14	13	132	468	535	38	14
Chester SO	1984	12	3	9	6	76	204	253	13	2
	1983	12	3	12	7	90	263	294	30	12
Chester PD	1984	12	0	0	7	13	96	148	12	2
	1983	12	0	1	6	25	168	178	7	2
Great Falls PD	1984	12	0	0	2	12	23	31	2	2
	1983	12	0	1	0	17	34	61	1	0
Fort Lawn PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	1983	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
Chesterfield County ..	1984		3	12	13	129	302	389	54	20
	1983		1	6	23	125	361	458	29	15
Chesterfield SO	1984	12	2	8	6	76	187	175	35	16

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
	1983	12	1	6	12	73	216	176	20	14
Cheraw PD	1984	12	1	1	6	35	74	144	12	4
	1983	12	0	0	10	26	79	177	3	1
Chesterfield PD	1984	12	0	0	0	10	13	36	4	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	6	29	26	0	0
Jefferson PD	1984	12	0	1	0	1	3	5	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	7	10	0	0
McBee PD	1984	7	0	0	0	1	2	5	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0
Pageland PD	1984	12	0	0	1	5	22	23	3	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	17	26	58	6	0
Patrick PD	1984	10	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	2	3	5	0	0
Clarendon County ...	1984		3	5	12	77	231	323	25	5
	1983		3	6	8	76	237	423	23	15
Clarendon SO	1984	12	3	4	10	70	176	231	19	5
	1983	12	3	6	6	68	196	288	17	12
Manning PD	1984	12	0	0	2	4	24	69	3	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	4	24	107	5	3
Summertown PD	1984	12	0	1	0	3	25	16	0	0
	1983	10	0	0	1	4	14	23	1	0
Turbeville PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	6	7	3	0
	1983	3	0	0	0	0	3	5	0	0
Colleton County	1984		4	1	26	118	362	554	48	10
	1983		5	9	18	99	319	599	56	9
Colleton SO	1984	12	3	1	7	49	271	302	39	7
	1983	12	4	3	12	44	208	296	30	7
Walterboro PD	1984	12	1	0	19	69	91	252	9	3
	1983	12	1	6	6	55	111	303	26	2
Darlington County ...	1984		7	42	86	360	924	1,462	169	39
	1983		11	36	69	423	1,022	1,551	190	27
Darlington SO	1984	12	5	21	24	123	453	560	97	27
	1983	12	7	26	22	127	457	564	115	22
Darlington PD	1984	12	2	10	27	102	213	376	28	6
	1983	12	0	5	22	142	208	391	31	3
Hartsville PD	1984	12	0	11	35	133	250	522	40	6
	1983	12	4	4	25	153	349	586	41	2
Lamar PD	1984	6	0	0	0	0	6	2	4	0
	1983	8	0	0	0	0	4	4	2	0
Society Hill PD	1984	2	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0
	1983	4	0	1	0	1	4	6	1	0
Dillon County	1984		1	3	12	98	243	361	61	16
	1983		1	5	15	84	332	418	56	17
Dillon SO	1984	12	1	2	7	37	116	117	34	8
	1983	12	1	2	7	30	161	180	39	12

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Dillon PD	1984	12	0	1	3	46	96	166	22	8
	1983	12	0	1	5	40	118	181	12	5
Lakeview PD	1984	12	0	0	0	4	2	14	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	2	6	3	1	0
Latta PD	1984	12	0	0	2	11	29	64	4	0
	1983	12	0	2	2	12	47	54	4	0
Dorchester County ...	1984		8	14	36	122	637	1,071	119	8
	1983		4	9	39	180	802	1,207	120	19
Dorchester SO	1984	12	8	7	14	64	461	642	87	6
	1983	12	4	6	21	119	635	786	85	11
St. George PD	1984	12	0	0	1	3	33	68	4	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	2	33	50	4	1
Summerville PD	1984	12	0	7	21	55	143	361	28	2
	1983	12	0	3	18	59	134	371	31	7
Edgefield County	1984		3	7	10	110	161	162	16	2
	1983		2	4	7	86	169	199	14	7
Edgefield SO	1984	12	3	3	4	55	101	95	11	1
	1983	12	0	1	5	49	119	114	8	6
Edgefield PD	1984	12	0	1	3	31	24	39	2	1
	1983	12	0	1	2	16	26	47	2	0
Johnston PD	1984	12	0	3	3	22	36	26	3	0
	1983	12	2	2	0	21	22	34	3	1
Trenton PD	1984	4	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0
Fairfield County	1984		2	5	2	142	150	306	20	4
	1983		0	2	11	135	244	310	23	4
Fairfield SO	1984	12	2	3	2	100	140	175	17	4
	1983	12	0	2	9	81	203	192	20	3
Winnsboro PD	1984	12	0	2	0	41	9	128	3	0
	1983	12	0	0	2	53	39	112	3	1
Ridgeway PD	1984	12	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	1	2	6	0	0
Florence County	1984		8	49	159	630	1,403	3,308	289	36
	1983		10	58	202	552	1,638	3,537	314	52
Florence SO	1984	12	4	33	50	289	684	1,038	145	17
	1983	12	3	32	59	212	802	1,146	147	30
Florence PD	1984	12	0	14	91	236	571	1,920	122	16
	1983	12	7	21	113	248	622	1,988	148	19
Lake City PD	1984	12	4	0	16	82	117	283	17	2
	1983	12	0	5	26	71	148	317	16	3
Johnsonville PD	1984	12	0	1	0	8	11	31	3	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	2	13	33	0	0
Olanta PD	1984	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0
	1983									

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Timmons ville PD	1984	12	0	1	2	15	19	34	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	4	18	53	53	3	0
Georgetown County ..	1984		7	25	28	167	613	1,153	78	12
	1983		7	12	28	200	603	960	105	11
Georgetown SO	1984	12	1	15	8	44	280	310	33	4
	1983	12	6	3	3	51	220	156	20	3
Andrews PD	1984	12	1	0	1	13	56	77	11	3
	1983	12	1	1	4	30	75	80	16	0
Georgetown PD	1984	12	5	10	19	110	277	766	34	5
	1983	12	0	8	21	119	308	724	69	8
Greenville County ...	1984		29	130	352	1,561	4,718	9,578	879	173
	1983		29	117	381	1,636	4,431	9,769	927	174
Greenville SO	1984	12	11	79	156	858	2,912	4,819	541	124
	1983	12	16	70	184	868	2,782	4,831	563	123
Fountain Inn PD	1984	12	1	1	1	40	56	116	10	0
	1983	12	1	2	3	34	72	118	10	1
Greenville PD	1984	12	13	46	170	508	1,386	3,663	227	44
	1983	12	11	36	170	570	1,196	3,644	277	41
Greer PD	1984	12	1	4	11	83	172	490	56	4
	1983	12	0	6	19	100	180	588	33	6
Mauldin PD	1984	12	1	0	0	10	44	189	16	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	8	50	200	8	1
Simpsonville PD	1984	12	1	0	6	23	60	185	13	0
	1983	12	0	0	4	23	87	248	16	1
Travelers Rest PD ...	1984	12	0	0	1	16	28	65	9	0
	1983	12	0	1	0	14	27	106	13	1
City View PD	1984	12	1	0	7	23	60	51	7	1
	1983	12	1	2	1	19	37	34	7	0
Greenwood County ..	1984		4	23	60	426	534	1,356	82	19
	1983		4	21	50	490	521	1,552	113	19
Greenwood SO	1984	12	1	11	17	165	260	591	50	14
	1983	12	2	13	19	187	253	653	58	11
Greenwood PD	1984	12	1	11	42	255	243	715	30	5
	1983	12	2	8	30	289	241	826	47	7
Ware Shoals PD	1984	12	2	1	1	4	16	28	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	12	20	42	7	1
Ninety Six PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	15	22	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	2	7	31	1	0
Hampton County	1984		0	2	1	24	63	77	4	1
	1983		3	3	2	29	88	83	5	2
Hampton SO	1984	12	0	2	0	11	15	10	1	0
	1983	12	3	2	1	13	18	10	1	0
Brunson PD	1984	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	1983									

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Estill PD	1984	12	0	0	0	8	24	32	0	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	6	22	16	0	1
Hampton PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	21	29	3	0
	1983	12	0	1	1	3	35	45	4	1
Varnville PD	1984	7	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	6	8	8	0	0
Yemassee PD	1984	12	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1983	11	0	0	0	1	5	4	0	0
Horry County	1984		13	45	141	558	2,481	5,588	575	36
	1983		12	42	85	469	2,103	4,606	463	44
Atlantic Beach PD ...	1984	12	0	0	1	8	28	10	3	0
	1983	9	0	1	1	0	3	2	1	2
Conway PD	1984	12	1	3	12	148	142	525	54	3
	1983	12	2	3	12	104	178	480	26	6
Aynor PD	1984	11	0	0	0	0	10	10	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	5	8	0	0
Horry County PD ...	1984	12	8	21	42	277	962	1,659	251	27
	1983	12	7	19	23	266	741	1,402	223	29
Loris PD	1984	12	2	0	3	23	17	72	6	1
	1983	12	0	0	2	31	26	85	13	0
Myrtle Beach PD	1984	12	2	15	71	76	866	2,410	158	3
	1983	12	2	17	36	47	857	1,930	147	2
N. Myrtle Beach PD .	1984	12	0	5	12	25	369	775	81	2
	1983	12	1	2	10	19	222	626	51	5
Surfside Beach PD ...	1984	12	0	1	0	1	87	127	20	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	2	71	73	2	0
Jasper County	1984		7	3	17	51	203	280	33	12
	1983		0	2	6	37	189	239	36	8
Jasper SO	1984	12	6	2	7	25	127	95	20	7
	1983	12	0	2	4	24	126	99	21	7
Hardeeville PD	1984	12	0	1	9	21	61	153	9	4
	1983	12	0	0	1	10	52	113	12	0
Ridgeland PD	1984	12	1	0	1	5	15	32	4	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	3	11	27	3	1
Kershaw County	1984		2	8	12	110	310	646	53	10
	1983		0	12	13	116	390	771	39	10
Kershaw SO	1984	12	1	8	6	59	216	355	41	8
	1983	12	0	10	8	74	287	418	31	10
Camden PD	1984	12	1	0	6	49	86	287	12	2
	1983	12	0	2	5	41	89	351	8	0
Bethune PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0
Elgin PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	11	1	0	0

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Lancaster County	1984		5	28	41	326	719	1,434	91	14
	1983		7	17	23	301	596	1,173	83	28
Lancaster SO	1984	12	2	19	22	122	516	800	62	11
	1983	12	1	13	11	138	397	637	53	17
Lancaster PD	1984	12	1	9	19	193	163	578	28	3
	1983	12	4	4	12	157	169	501	25	10
Heath Springs PD . . .	1984	10	0	0	0	4	6	5	1	0
	1983	10	2	0	0	1	4	5	0	1
Kershaw PD	1984	12	2	0	0	7	34	51	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	5	26	30	5	0
Laurens County	1984		5	8	8	36	367	519	22	2
	1983		9	6	8	45	364	489	27	5
Laurens SO	1984	12	4	6	2	17	174	155	8	0
	1983	12	6	2	1	20	156	115	8	0
Laurens PD	1984	12	1	1	2	8	122	259	10	0
	1983	12	1	2	6	12	155	299	12	2
Clinton PD	1984	12	0	1	4	11	69	105	4	2
	1983	12	2	2	1	13	53	74	7	3
Gray Court PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
	1983	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Lee County	1984	0	0	3	27	95	107	9	1	
	1983		0	1	3	29	100	135	6	0
Lee SO	1984	12	0	0	2	6	59	37	6	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	8	61	41	2	0
Bishopville PD	1984	12	0	0	1	21	36	70	3	0
	1983	12	0	1	3	21	39	94	4	0
Lexington County . . .	1984		7	43	92	503	1,404	3,222	289	29
	1983		11	41	76	508	1,542	3,346	337	17
Lexington SO	1984	12	7	34	54	332	1,005	1,943	186	14
	1983	12	7	31	34	332	1,073	1,944	221	13
Batesburg PD	1984	12	0	0	6	22	33	107	7	3
	1983	12	1	0	2	17	35	134	6	1
Cayce PD	1984	12	0	1	6	44	122	383	34	3
	1983	12	0	1	11	48	154	390	31	2
Leesville PD	1984	12	0	0	0	10	13	29	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	3	11	6	44	5	0
Lexington PD	1984	12	0	0	2	2	16	26	7	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	1	12	24	5	0
West Columbia PD . .	1984	12	0	7	20	73	144	523	42	7
	1983	12	3	7	24	80	195	609	50	1
Irmo PD	1984	12	0	0	0	1	20	49	4	2
	1983	12	0	0	0	7	14	58	6	0
South Congaree PD . .	1984	12	0	0	0	6	7	21	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	2	11	25	3	0

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	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Springdale PD	1984	12	0	1	0	6	24	62	4	0
	1983	12	0	2	1	5	25	62	6	0
Swansea PD	1984	12	0	0	4	6	19	45	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	5	11	28	0	0
Columbia Airport	1984	12	0	0	0	1	0	31	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	0	26	3	0
Gaston PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	6	2	1	0
McCormick County ..	1984		1	2	1	29	38	47	9	2
	1983		1	1	3	31	80	55	3	2
McCormick SO	1984	12	0	2	1	13	31	30	6	1
	1983	12	1	1	2	19	69	41	2	2
McCormick PD	1984	12	1	0	0	16	7	17	3	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	12	11	14	1	0
Marion County	1984		4	10	12	108	367	647	59	6
	1983		3	5	15	127	310	602	70	11
Marion SO	1984	12	3	1	3	6	109	111	18	2
	1983	12	2	2	2	20	96	120	32	4
Marion PD	1984	12	1	7	7	72	157	338	29	4
	1983	12	0	3	6	84	148	334	24	5
Mullins PD	1984	12	0	2	2	30	101	198	12	0
	1983	12	1	0	7	23	66	148	14	2
Marlboro County	1984		4	19	30	196	307	480	33	26
	1983		5	13	19	160	336	568	41	11
Marlboro SO	1984	12	4	8	7	76	123	175	14	12
	1983	12	4	8	6	47	126	155	19	6
Bennettsville PD	1984	12	0	7	23	104	147	244	11	6
	1983	12	1	4	13	109	175	356	18	4
McColl PD	1984	12	0	4	0	16	37	61	8	8
	1983	12	0	1	0	4	35	57	4	1
Newberry County ...	1984		4	11	13	170	182	523	18	1
	1983		3	12	18	210	200	525	22	5
Newberry SO	1984	12	2	7	8	95	124	247	17	1
	1983	12	3	6	10	111	136	264	12	0
Newberry PD	1984	12	2	4	4	66	54	262	1	0
	1983	12	0	5	8	87	62	248	10	3
Whitmire PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0
	1983	12	0	1	0	1	1	6	0	0
Prosperity PD	1984	12	0	0	1	9	3	8	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	11	1	7	0	2
Oconee County	1984		5	3	8	101	305	580	41	9
	1983		4	5	5	99	343	629	50	7
Oconee SO	1984	12	5	3	5	68	241	451	34	6
	1983	12	1	4	2	72	240	463	29	6

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	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Seneca PD	1984	12	0	0	2	26	48	75	4	1
	1983	12	1	0	3	19	45	59	11	1
Walhalla PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	13	52	2	1
	1983	12	1	1	0	8	45	98	5	0
Westminster PD	1984	12	0	0	1	5	2	1	1	1
	1983	12	1	0	0	0	10	6	5	0
West Union PD	1984	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
	1983	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0
Salem PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1983	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Orangeburg County ..	1984		7	41	64	500	1,031	1,949	147	31
	1983		9	32	88	432	1,145	2,040	169	32
Orangeburg SO	1984	12	7	29	29	377	602	1,021	104	25
	1983	12	9	22	45	311	655	932	96	25
Orangeburg PD	1984	12	0	9	28	103	348	854	40	4
	1983	12	0	8	39	106	412	1,028	67	7
Branchville PD	1984	9	0	1	0	0	6	4	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	1	3	13	18	0	0
Elloree PD	1984	11	0	0	1	0	6	4	1	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0
Eutawville PD	1984	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1
	1983	11	0	0	0	1	8	5	1	0
Holly Hill PD	1984	12	0	2	5	18	49	55	2	1
	1983	12	0	2	3	11	37	50	4	0
Norway PD	1984	9	0	0	1	2	13	5	0	0
	1983									
Santee PD	1984	10	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	0	15	4	1	0
Pickens County	1984		0	6	25	210	640	1,754	116	11
	1983		8	9	26	191	580	1,694	121	22
Pickens SO	1984	12	0	5	10	106	317	387	40	7
	1983	12	6	8	9	72	322	421	50	15
Central PD	1984	12	0	0	2	8	30	41	4	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	6	26	40	0	0
Clemson PD	1984	12	0	0	5	16	96	385	17	0
	1983	12	0	1	4	23	84	285	16	0
Easley PD	1984	12	0	0	6	62	152	485	44	3
	1983	12	2	0	8	57	109	445	30	5
Liberty PD	1984	12	0	1	1	5	14	33	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	2	11	5	30	0	0
Pickens PD	1984	12	0	0	1	7	6	37	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	2	10	9	40	7	0
Clemson Univ. PD ...	1984	12	0	0	0	6	25	385	8	1
	1983	12	0	0	1	12	23	431	18	2
Norris PD	1984	11	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Richland County	1984		32	179	667	1,991	4,317	11,087	1,232	98
	1983		28	152	613	1,914	4,163	10,670	1,048	87
Richland SO	1984	12	15	115	179	1,078	1,864	3,464	605	51
	1983	12	11	93	191	1,035	1,830	3,293	573	52
Columbia PD	1984	12	17	61	473	897	2,286	6,536	579	46
	1983	12	17	59	408	854	2,228	6,320	437	34
Forest Acres PD	1984	12	0	3	10	13	110	380	15	1
	1983	12	0	0	6	15	52	317	24	0
Univ. Of S. C. PD . . .	1984	12	0	0	5	3	57	707	33	0
	1983	12	0	0	8	10	53	740	14	1
Saluda County	1984		4	2	7	42	77	89	9	4
	1983		3	5	4	63	105	120	8	0
Saluda SO	1984	12	2	2	3	20	65	55	7	3
	1983	12	3	5	1	32	85	55	3	0
Saluda PD	1984	12	1	0	4	20	10	23	1	1
	1983	12	0	0	3	25	13	47	4	0
Ridge Springs PD	1984	12	1	0	0	2	2	11	1	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	6	7	18	1	0
Spartanburg County . .	1984		16	66	161	776	2,460	5,762	470	93
	1983		13	71	186	726	2,690	6,452	498	92
Spartanburg SO	1984	12	9	48	65	502	1,357	3,155	286	59
	1983	12	11	43	82	466	1,551	3,370	307	76
Spartanburg PD	1984	12	7	16	91	262	994	2,357	164	31
	1983	12	1	27	101	240	1,030	2,882	170	14
Woodruff PD	1984	12	0	1	2	1	38	99	6	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	9	29	106	10	0
Chesnee PD	1984	12	0	0	1	2	14	17	0	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	0	10	4	1	0
Cowpens PD	1984	12	0	0	1	4	9	38	3	0
	1983	12	0	1	0	3	20	42	6	0
Inman PD	1984	12	0	0	1	1	16	37	1	1
	1983	12	0	0	0	3	21	46	1	1
Landrum PD	1984	12	0	1	0	4	18	44	6	1
	1983	12	1	0	1	3	14	34	3	0
Lyman PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	6	10	3	0
	1983	12	0	0	2	1	4	16	0	1
Pacolet PD	1984	9	0	0	0	0	7	5	1	0
	1983	8	0	0	0	0	5	9	0	0
Wellford	1984	12	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	1983	10	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Sumter County	1984		10	27	63	427	975	1,874	161	22
	1983		13	32	84	437	1,090	1,860	136	19
Sumter SO	1984	12	5	21	31	262	596	810	86	11
	1983	12	7	18	34	279	686	806	83	16
Sumter PD	1984	12	5	6	32	165	379	1,064	75	11
	1983	12	6	14	50	157	404	1,054	53	3

1983 —1984 INDEX TOTALS BY COUNTY AND AGENCY — Continued

	Year	Months Participation	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Breaking Or Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
Union County	1984		1	1	6	81	250	439	27	12
	1983		3	5	10	88	295	467	35	6
Union SO	1984	12	1	1	1	43	122	169	14	8
	1983	12	1	2	4	50	154	177	18	4
Union PD	1984	12	0	0	5	32	106	239	13	4
	1983	12	2	2	6	37	110	271	13	2
Carlisle PD	1984	6	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0
	1983	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Jonesville PD	1984	12	0	0	0	6	17	28	0	0
	1983	12	0	1	0	1	29	19	4	0
Williamsburg County .	1984		9	11	15	79	280	257	24	3
	1983		3	2	13	92	302	310	23	7
Williamsburg SO	1984	12	2	8	11	48	175	110	9	2
	1983	12	2	2	8	52	176	155	8	4
Hemingway PD	1984	12	0	0	0	0	3	18	2	0
	1983	12	0	0	0	2	17	20	2	0
Kingstree PD	1984	12	1	3	4	31	102	129	13	1
	1983	12	1	0	5	38	109	135	13	3
York County	1984		11	56	90	659	1,820	3,901	298	36
	1983		11	38	102	696	1,807	3,772	245	40
York SO	1984	12	5	25	21	225	883	1,281	136	20
	1983	12	8	16	29	235	832	1,255	126	28
Clover PD	1984	12	1	0	2	20	38	103	3	1
	1983	12	0	1	2	29	54	119	12	2
Fort Mill PD	1984	12	0	2	3	21	38	124	13	0
	1983	12	0	1	6	17	38	132	7	0
Rock Hill PD	1984	12	3	24	61	329	741	2,104	124	14
	1983	12	2	11	59	316	751	1,967	88	9
York PD	1984	12	2	5	2	62	85	199	19	1
	1983	12	1	9	6	96	107	266	10	1
Tega Cay PD	1984	12	0	0	0	2	23	38	3	0
	1983	7	0	0	0	3	25	33	2	0
Winthrop College	1984	4	0	0	1	0	12	52	0	0
	1983									
State Totals	1984		305	1,328	3,398	15,538	40,528	84,412	7,853	1,197
	1983		321	1,143	3,414	15,203	42,166	85,251	7,808	1,295

1984

AGENCIES COVERED BY COUNTY LAW ENFORCEMENT CRIME REPORTS*

Bonneau (12)	Cross Hill (12)	Jamestown (12)	Pamplico (12)	Sellers (12)
Bowman (12)	Donalds (12)	Lincolnvill (12)	Pelion (12)	Silverstreet (12)
Burnettown (12)	Eastover (12)	Little Mountain (12)	Pelzer (12)	Springfield (12)
Cameron (12)	Ehrhardt (12)	Lynchburg (12)	Piedmont (12)	Starr (12)
Campobello (12)	Enoree (12)	Mayesville (12)	Pineridge (12)	Stuckey (12)
Chapin (12)	Gifford (12)	Nichols (12)	Pinewood (12)	Trenton (8)
Chappells (12)	Graniteville (12)	North (12)	Quinby (12)	Warrenville 12)
Clio	Greeleyville (12)	Olanta (9)	Ravenel (12)	West Pelzer (6)
Cordova (12)	Harleyville (12)	Olar (12)	Ridgeville (12)	West Union (9)
Coward (12)	Hodges (12)		Salley (12)	
			Scranton (12)	

* The numbers in parentheses indicate the number of months these agencies had their crime reported by a county law enforcement agency. Many of the agencies so noted submitted their crime reports independently for a portion of the year.

AGENCIES PARTICIPATING FOR FEWER THAN SIX MONTHS

Society Hill PD (2 months) Duncan PD (0 months)

1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	1978	1977	1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	1931	1930	1929	1928	1927	1926	1925	1924	1923	1922	1921	1920	1919	1918	1917	1916	1915	1914	1913	1912	1911	1910	1909	1908	1907	1906	1905	1904	1903	1902	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896	1895	1894	1893	1892	1891	1890	1889	1888	1887	1886	1885	1884	1883	1882	1881	1880	1879	1878	1877	1876	1875	1874	1873	1872	1871	1870	1869	1868	1867	1866	1865	1864	1863	1862	1861	1860	1859	1858	1857	1856	1855	1854	1853	1852	1851	1850	1849	1848	1847	1846	1845	1844	1843	1842	1841	1840	1839	1838	1837	1836	1835	1834	1833	1832	1831	1830	1829	1828	1827	1826	1825	1824	1823	1822	1821	1820	1819	1818	1817	1816	1815	1814	1813	1812	1811	1810	1809	1808	1807	1806	1805	1804	1803	1802	1801	1800	1799	1798	1797	1796	1795	1794	1793	1792	1791	1790	1789	1788	1787	1786	1785	1784	1783	1782	1781	1780	1779	1778	1777	1776	1775	1774	1773	1772	1771	1770	1769	1768	1767	1766	1765	1764	1763	1762	1761	1760	1759	1758	1757	1756	1755	1754	1753	1752	1751	1750	1749	1748	1747	1746	1745	1744	1743	1742	1741	1740	1739	1738	1737	1736	1735	1734	1733	1732	1731	1730	1729	1728	1727	1726	1725	1724	1723	1722	1721	1720	1719	1718	1717	1716	1715	1714	1713	1712	1711	1710	1709	1708	1707	1706	1705	1704	1703	1702	1701	1700	1699	1698	1697	1696	1695	1694	1693	1692	1691	1690	1689	1688	1687	1686	1685	1684	1683	1682	1681	1680	1679	1678	1677	1676	1675	1674	1673	1672	1671	1670	1669	1668	1667	1666	1665	1664	1663	1662	1661	1660	1659	1658	1657	1656	1655	1654	1653	1652	1651	1650	1649	1648	1647	1646	1645	1644	1643	1642	1641	1640	1639	1638	1637	1636	1635	1634	1633	1632	1631	1630	1629	1628	1627	1626	1625	1624	1623	1622	1621	1620	1619	1618	1617	1616	1615	1614	1613	1612	1611	1610	1609	1608	1607	1606	1605	1604	1603	1602	1601	1600	1599	1598	1597	1596	1595	1594	1593	1592	1591	1590	1589	1588	1587	1586	1585	1584	1583	1582	1581	1580	1579	1578	1577	1576	1575	1574	1573	1572	1571	1570	1569	1568	1567	1566	1565	1564	1563	1562	1561	1560	1559	1558	1557	1556	1555	1554	1553	1552	1551	1550	1549	1548	1547	1546	1545	1544	1543	1542	1541	1540	1539	1538	1537	1536	1535	1534	1533	1532	1531	1530	1529	1528	1527	1526	1525	1524	1523	1522	1521	1520	1519	1518	1517	1516	1515	1514	1513	1512	1511	1510	1509	1508	1507	1506	1505	1504	1503	1502	1501	1500	1499	1498	1497	1496	1495	1494	1493	1492	1491	1490	1489	1488	1487	1486	1485	1484	1483	1482	1481	1480	1479	1478	1477	1476	1475	1474	1473	1472	1471	1470	1469	1468	1467	1466	1465	1464	1463	1462	1461	1460	1459	1458	1457	1456	1455	1454	1453	1452	1451	1450	1449	1448	1447	1446	1445	1444	1443	1442	1441	1440	1439	1438	1437	1436	1435	1434	1433	1432	1431	1430	1429	1428	1427	1426	1425	1424	1423	1422	1421	1420	1419	1418	1417	1416	1415	1414	1413	1412	1411	1410	1409	1408	1407	1406	1405	1404	1403	1402	1401	1400	1399	1398	1397	1396	1395	1394	1393	1392	1391	1390	1389	1388	1387	1386	1385	1384	1383	1382	1381	1380	1379	1378	1377	1376	1375	1374	1373	1372	1371	1370	1369	1368	1367	1366	1365	1364	1363	1362	1361	1360	1359	1358	1357	1356	1355	1354	1353	1352	1351	1350	1349	1348	1347	1346	1345	1344	1343	1342	1341	1340	1339	1338	1337	1336	1335	1334	1333	1332	1331	1330	1329	1328	1327	1326	1325	1324	1323	1322	1321	1320	1319	1318	1317	1316	1315	1314	1313	1312	1311	1310	1309	1308	1307	1306	1305	1304	1303	1302	1301	1300	1299	1298	1297	1296	1295	1294	1293	1292	1291	1290	1289	1288	1287	1286	1285	1284	1283	1282	1281	1280	1279	1278	1277	1276	1275	1274	1273	1272	1271	1270	1269	1268	1267	1266	1265	1264	1263	1262	1261	1260	1259	1258	1257	1256	1255	1254	1253	1252	1251	1250	1249	1248	1247	1246	1245	1244	1243	1242	1241	1240	1239	1238	1237	1236	1235	1234	1233	1232	1231	1230	1229	1228	1227	1226	1225	1224	1223	1222	1221	1220	1219	1218	1217	1216	1215	1214	1213	1212	1211	1210	1209	1208	1207	1206	1205	1204	1203	1202	1201	1200	1199	1198	1197	1196	1195	1194	1193	1192	1191	1190	1189	1188	1187	1186	1185	1184	1183	1182	1181	1180	1179	1178	1177	1176	1175	1174	1173	1172	1171	1170	1169	1168	1167	1166	1165	1164	1163	1162	1161	1160	1159	1158	1157	1156	1155	1154	1153	1152	1151	1150	1149	1148	1147	1146	1145	1144	1143	1142	1141	1140	1139	1138	1137	1136	1135	1134	1133	1132	1131	1130	1129	1128	1127	1126	1125	1124	1123	1122	1121	1120	1119	1118	1117	1116	1115	1114	1113	1112	1111	1110	1109	1108	1107	1106	1105	1104	1103	1102	1101	1100	1099	1098	1097	1096	1095	1094	1093	1092	1091	1090	1089	1088	1087	1086	1085	1084	1083	1082	1081	1080	1079	1078	1077	1076	1075	1074	1073	1072	1071	1070	1069	1068	1067	1066	1065	1064	1063	1062	1061	1060	1059	1058	1057	1056	1055	1054	1053	1052	1051	1050	1049	1048	1047	1046	1045	1044	1043	1042	1041	1040	1039	1038	1037	1036	1035	1034	1033	1032	1031	1030	1029	1028	1027	1026	1025	1024	1023	1022	1021	1020	1019	1018	1017	1016	1015	1014	1013	1012	1011	1010	1009	1008	1007	1006	1005	1004	1003	1002	1001	1000	999	998	997	996	995	994	993	992	991	990	989	988	987	986	985	984	983	982	981	980	979	978	977	976	975	974	973	972	971	970	969	968	967	966	965	964	963	962	961	960	959	958	957	956	955	954	953	952	951	950	949	948	947	946	945	944	943	942	941	940	939	938	937	936	935	934	933	932	931	930	929	928	927	926	925	924	923	922	921	920	919	918	917	916	915	914	913	912	911	910	909	908	907	906	905	904	903	902	901	900	899	898	897	896	895	894	893	892	891	890	889	888	887	886	885	884	883	882	881	880	879	878	877	876	875	874	873	872	871	870	869	868	867	866	865	864	863	862	861	860	859	858	857	856	855	854	853	852	851	850	849	848	847	846	845	844	843	842	841	840	839	838	837	836	835	834	833	832	831	830	829	828	827	826	825	824	823	822	821	820	819	818	817	816	815	814	813	812	811	810	809	808	807	806	805	804	803	802	801	800	799	798	797	796	795	794	793	792	791	790	789	788	787	786	785	784	783	782	781	780	779	778	777	776	775	774	773	772	771	770	769	768	767	766	765	764	763	762	761	760	759	758	757	756	755	754	753	752	751	750	749	748	747	746	745	744	743	742	741	740	739	738	737	736	735	734	733	732	731	730	729	728	727	726	725	724	723	722	721	720	719	718	717	716	715	714	713	712	711	710	709	708	707	706	705	704	703	702	701	700	699	698	697	696	695	694	693	692	691	690	689	688	687	686	685	684	683	682	681	680	679	678	677	676	675	674	673	672	671	670	669	668	667	666	665	664	663	662	661	660	659	658	657	656	655	654	653	652	651	650	649	648	647	646	645	644	643	642	641	640	639	638	637	636	635	634	633	632	631	630	629	628	627	626	625	624	623	622	621	620	619	618	617	616	615	614	613	612	611	610	609	608	607	606	605	604	603	602	601	600	599	598	597	596	595	594	593	592	591	590	589	588	587	586	585	584	583	582	581	580	579	578	577	576	575	574	573	572	571	570	569	568	567	566	565	564	563	562	561	5
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